Listing of the Claims:

The following listing of the claims replaces all previous listings of the claims.

1-11. (Cancelled)

- 12. (Previously Presented) A method for fabricating finely patterned interconnects having low electrical resistance, the method comprising:
 - (a) forming a finely patterned metal-containing interconnect having a first grain size on a carrier material; and
 - (b) producing a locally delimited thermal region in the finely patterned metalcontaining interconnect and moving the locally delimited thermal region in a direction of the interconnect in such a way that a recrystallization of the interconnect is carried out for the purpose of producing an interconnect having a second grain size, the second grain size being lengthened with respect to the first grain size in the direction of the movement.
- 13. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 12 wherein the finely patterned interconnect has feature sizes of less than 0.2 µm.
- 14. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 12 wherein, in act (a), the interconnect is formed in a primary direction and/or in a secondary direction which is substantially perpendicular to the primary direction; and in act (b), the movement of the thermal region is carried out substantially in the primary direction and/or in the secondary direction or at an angle of 45 degrees to the primary direction and the secondary second direction.
- 15. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 12 wherein act (b) is carried out repeatedly.

- 16. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 12 wherein, in act (b), the locally delimited thermal region is produced by means of a fanned-out laser beam, a hot gas, a multiplicity of heating lamps and/or a heating wire.
- 17. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 12 wherein the locally delimited thermal region is formed in strip-type or point-type fashion.
- 18. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 12 wherein, in act (a), the interconnect has a metal alloy or a doped metal with an impurity proportion of less than 5% of atoms or 5at%. by weight.
- 19. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 12 wherein the carrier material has a diffusion barrier layer and/or a seed layer.
- 20. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 12 wherein, in act (a), a damascene method is carried out.
- 21. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 12, wherein the locally delimited thermal region has a temperature of 150 degrees Celsius to 450 degrees Celsius.
- 22. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 12 wherein the recrystallization is carried out in a protective gas atmosphere.
- 23. (Currently Amended) A method for fabricating finely patterned interconnects having low electrical resistance, the method comprising:
 - (a) forming a finely patterned metal-containing interconnect having a first grain size on a carrier material; and
 - (b) producing a locally delimited thermal region in the finely patterned metalcontaining interconnect and moving the locally delimited thermal region in a direction of the interconnect in such a way that a recrystallization of the interconnect is carried out for the purpose of producing an interconnect

having a second grain size, the second grain size being <u>lengthened</u> enlarged with respect to the first grain size in the direction of the movement;

wherein the finely patterned interconnect has <u>feature sizes</u> features size of less than $0.2\mu m$.

24. (Cancelled).

- 25. (Currently Amended) A method for fabricating finely patterned interconnects having low electrical resistance, the method comprising:
 - (a) forming a finely patterned metal-containing interconnect having a first grain size on a carrier material; and
 - (b) producing a locally delimited thermal region in the finely patterned metalcontaining interconnect and moving the locally delimited thermal region in a direction of the interconnect at approximately 1 cm/second in such a way that a recrystallization of the interconnect is carried out for the purpose of producing an interconnect having a second grain size, the second grain size being <u>lengthened</u> enlarged with respect to the first grain size in the direction of the movement.

26. (Cancelled)